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10/815,932	04/02/2004	Kouji Matsuo	04329.2222-01	9409
	590 03/21/200 ENDERSON, FARAE	EXAMINER		
LLP	·	RAO, SHRINIVAS H		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/815,932	MATSUO ET AL.			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Examiner	Art Unit			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Steven H. Rao	2814			
Period fo		rears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vare to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to the state of the state	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 09 Ja	anuary 2007.				
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5) 6) 7)	Claim(s) 1,3,4,6-11 and 21-23 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1,3,4,6-11 and 21-23 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So ion is required if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
3)  Infor	nt(s)  ce of References Cited (PTO-892) No G9 V  ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summal Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Priority

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114.

Applicant's submission filed on January 04, 2007 has been entered.

Therefore claims 1 and 4 as amended by the amendment and claims 3 ,4, 6 to 11 and 21 to 23 as previously recited are currently pending the Application.

Claims 2,5 and 12 to 20 have been cancelled.

#### Information Disclosure Statement

No further IDSs have been filed after the one filed on Jan 05, 2006.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action: A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1,4,6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nakajima et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,907,188 herein after Nakajima).

With respect to claim 1 describes a Nakajima describes a method of manufacturing a semiconductor device, ( Nakajima title) comprising :forming a first insulating film, selected from a silicon oxide film, a silicon nitride film and a silicon oxy nitride film, on a semiconductor substrate ( Nakajima fig. 1 B, etc.2 –oxide film on substrate 10) forming a metal compound film on the first insulating film ( Nakajima , figs. 2,9 and 16 embodiment having WN film wherein the refractory metal can be MO,Cr, Zn and Co instead of W, can be used is formed on first insulating film 2 on substrate 10 , see also col. 4 lines 45-47 , col. 7 lines 35-40 which is also reproduced in the remarks section); forming a second insulating film metal-containing insulating film consisting of a metal oxide film or a metal silicate film by oxidizing said metal compound film (figs. 2,9 and 16 embodiment wherein WN is oxidized to form layer 4); and forming an electrode on said metal-containing insulating film. ( Nakajima figs. 3A to 3E,2 9 and 16 etc.)

With respect to claim 4 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein formation of said metal compound film and formation of said second insulating film by oxidation of the metal compound film are repeated a plurality of times. (Nakajima fig.s 2,9 and 16, col. 9 lines 62 to col. 10 line 6).

With respect to claim 6 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said metal compound film is selected form a metal nitride film, an oxygen-containing metal nitride film, a silicon-containing metal nitride film, a metal nitride film containing both oxygen

and silicon, a metal carbide film, an oxygen-containing metal carbide film, a silicon-containing metal carbide film, a metal carbide film containing both oxygen and silicon, a metal carbonitride film, an oxygen-containing metal carbonitride film, a silicon-containing metal carbonitride film, and a metal carbonitride film containing both oxygen and silicon. ( Nakajima col. 15 line 65- WSiN film i.e. metal nitride film )

With respect to claim 7 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said metal compound film contains at least one metal selected from titanium, zirconium, hafnium, tantalum, niobium, aluminum, yttrium and cerium (Nakajima claim 8).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in

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which the invention was made.

Claims 3,8-11 and 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakajima as applied to claims 1-2, 4-6 above and further in view of Hu ( U.S. Patent No. 5,962,904, hereinafter Hu).

With respect to claim 3 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 1 Nakajima does not specifically describe wherein said metal compound film has a thickness not larger than 5 nm.

However Hu, a patent from the same field of endeavor describes in col. 3 lines 50 to col.4 line 28 wherein said metal compound film has a thickness not larger than 5 nm to form a barrier film having a resistivity sufficiently low to allow the gate to function efficiently.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include Hu's thickness of the metal compound layer in Nakajima's device. The motivation to make the above combination is to form a barrier film having a resisstivity sufficiently low to allow the gate to function efficiently. ( Hu col. Lines 35-40). With respect to claim 8 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device comprising forming a metal compound film directly or indirectly on a semiconductor substrate ( Nakajima semiconductor substrate 1, metal film 3 on 1 fig. 1B); forming a

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metal-containing insulating film consisting of a metal oxide film or a metal silicate film by oxidizing said metal compound film (4); and forming an electrode on said metal-containing insulating film. (Nakajima figs. 3A to 3E) wherein said metal-containing insulating film consists of a plurality of first insulating regions formed of pairs containing a metal oxide of a metal element contained in said metal compound film a second insulating region formed of an amorphous insulating material in a region (Hu layer 14-crystalline) and except the first insulating regions. (Hu layer 18 amorphous)

With respect to claim 9 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 8, wherein said metal compound film contains a metal element forming said metal oxide and silicon, said first insulating region contains a crystal of said metal oxide, and said second insulating region contains silicon, oxygen and a metal element forming said metal oxide. ( Hu layer 14 is crystalline and layer 18 is amorphous). With respect to claim 10 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 8, wherein said metal compound film contains a first metal element forming said metal oxide and a second metal element differing from said first metal element ( Hu col. 4 lines 5-11), said first insulating region contains a crystal of said metal oxide, and said second insulating region contains oxygen and said second metal element. ( Hu col. 4

lines 5-11). With respect to claim 11 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 8, wherein said metal compound film contains a metal element forming said metal oxide, said first insulating region is formed of crystal grains of said metal oxide, and said second insulating region is formed of an amorphous region of said metal oxide. (Hu col., 4 lines 5-1 1 wherein the layer comprises both tungsten silicon nitride and titanium nitride similar to Applicants' specification paras 0252 and 0266, also shown in Figs. 7a and 8 B wherein insulating film has insulating regions 71/72 or both and layer 14- crystalline and layer 18 amorphous, Nakajima 3-tungsten, 4-oxide ). Presently newly recited Claims 21 (repeats the steps of claim 3 and is rejected for reasons set out under claim 3 above), similarly claim 22 repeats the steps of claim 6 and is rejected for reasons set out under claim 6 above, and further claim 23 repeats the steps of claim 7 and is rejected for reasons set out under claim 7 above.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on June 21, 2 006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the following reasons: Applicants' contention that Nakajima fails to disclose the step of claim1 "forming a metal -containing insulating film consisting of a metal oxide film or a metal silicate film by oxidizing said metal compound film" is not persuasive because Applicants' are

not considering Nakajima's embodiment wherein a WN layer is present shown at least in figs. 2,9 and 16 and described in the specification (some portions reproduced below).

Nakajima describes the oxidization of metal film (4, of refractory metal is preferably formed of at least one selected from a group of Mo, W, Cr, Zn and Co, etc.). which is oxidized to form metal oxide as shown and describes in at least figures 2, 9 and 16 etc. (see also description of fig.2 reproduced below). Therefore Nakajima also describes oxidizing a metal compound to produce at least a metal oxide. Therefore Nakajima anticipates all the presently recited limitations of claim 1.

Applicants' contention with respect to the 103 rejections that: (a) repeat the above contention that Nakajima alone or in combination with Hu Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the fails to disclose the step of claim1 "forming a metal -containing insulating film consisting of a metal oxide film or a metal silicate film by oxidizing said metal compound film" is not persuasive because as shown above Nakajima shows/describes this limitation and further as the primary reference discloses this step it is not necessary for the secondary reference to repeat the teachings of the primary reference. (b) Nakajima and Hu fail to teach the presently newly added limitation "each of said first insulating regions is formed

in said second insulating region. " is not persuasive, because firstly this limitation was not previously recited and it is not understood how Applicants' can conclude that the Examiner's previous rejection (reproduced below): "With respect to claim 8 Nakajima describes the method of manufacturing a semiconductor device according to claim 1, wherein said metal-containing insulating film consists of a plurality of first insulating regions formed of pairs containing a metal oxide of a metal element contained in said metal compound film (Hu layer 14-crystalline) and a second insulating region formed of an amorphous insulating material in a region except the first insulating regions. ( Hu layer 18 amorphous)" is applicable to then nonexisting limitations namely "each of said first insulating regions is formed in said second insulating region. " (emphasis supplied). Secondly Hu col.. 4 lines 5-11 (reproduced below) wherein the layer comprises both tungsten silicon nitride and titanium nitride similar to Applicants' specification paras 0252 and 0266, also shown in Figs. 7a and 8 B wherein insulating film has insulating regions 71/72 or both and layer 14- crystalline and layer 18 amorphous, Hu col. 4 lines 5-11:

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is a refractory metal silicon nitride (RmSi<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>). A refractory metal for purposes of the invention described herein includes but is not limited to titanium, chromium, tantalum, platinum, tungsten and zirconium, and also includes molybdenum. RmSi<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub> can be comprised of both tungsten silicon nitride and titanium silicon nitride. For example, a preferred embodiment uses a diffusion barrier substantially composed of tungsten silicon nitride (WSi<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>). An electrically con-

(Further Nakajima layer 3- is tungsten and layer 4 is oxide).

Therefore all of Applicants' arguments are not found persuasive and all claims 1,3-4,, 6-11 and 21-23 are

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven H. Rao whose telephone number is (571)272-1718. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.00 to 5.00. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fahmy Wael can be reached on (571) 272-1714. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



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Steven H Rao

Parent Examiner

March 14, 2007.

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HOWARD WEISS